Morning Oregonian.

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EASTERN NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.

More About the Death of Capt. Hall.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The *Herald* has a letter from Dundee, Scotland, stating that an important statement in relation to the death of Capt Hall, of the *Polaris*, has been made by Second Mate Morton. It was given to the U. S Consul there, and by him forwarded to the American Government. Morton was Hall's attendant in his last illness, and has made statements, he says the *Herald's* correspondent, implicating Dr. Bissell in the death of Capt. Hall. He also intimates that Buddington's coincides with Morton's statement.

A Confession Which is Not Believed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The statement of Lacette Meyers to a reporter yesterday that she was in Goodrich's house, in the next room, when he was murdered, March 7th, is generally discredited.

Action of Appolo Hall Democracy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The Appolo Hall Democratic Executive Committee yesterday voted to support the regular nominations made at Utica.

Fire in Newark, N. J.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5. Ogden's oilcloth factory, Newark, was burned last night: loss, $80,000.

The R[emains] of the Bishop of Colorado Arrive at Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The remains of the Right Rev. G. M. Randall, Bishop of Colorado, arrived here to-day, and will lie in state at St. Paul's Church until the funeral takes place, on Tuesday.

A Fl[our]-[mi]lling Factory Injured by Fire

DETROIT, Oct. 5.—The tobacco factory of Barker & Co. was injured to the extent of $15,000 by fire to day.

Fire in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6.—Hamilton's grocery and Chaffee's park packing establishment were damaged to the extent of $25,000 by fire this morning; insurance, $30,000.

A Balloon Makes an Ascent after all.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Donaldson made a balloon ascent this morning from Capitoline grounds, Brooklyn. A dispatch from Bethel, Conn., says at 11 o'clock the balloon was rapidly moving oceanward.

[Ad]dition of the Diplomatics.

Prof. Donaldson's companions on the balloon voyage to Europe are George Washington Lent and Alfred Ford,

Anniversary Alliance in Session.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The Theological section of the Evangelical Alliance began its sessions in Association Hall this morning, Dr. Tiffany presiding. Papers on the best methods of counteracting modern Infidelity, were read by Prof. Stanley, [illegible]hs, of King's College, London, and Prof. Theodore Christie, of the University of Bonn. President Warren, of Boston University, made the closing address on American Infidelity. The Philosophical section met in St. Paul's Church, Rev. Dr. Foss presiding. Dr. McCosh made an address on the religious [illegible] of the Doctrine of Development, and was followed by Dr Weldon of London, Dr. Brown of Cape of Good Hope, Dr. Hodges of Princeton, and Dr. Dawson of Montreal. The [illegible] directly to a confutation of the Darwinian theory.

Baldwin Locomotive Works Discharging Their Hands.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The Baldwin Locomotive Works have discharged 200 hands.

Catholic Clergyman Killed.

FORT JERVIS, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Rev. J. O'Reily, for of the Cathedral church at Susquehanna, and formerly Vicar General of Philadelphia [illegible] was killed at the former place on Saturday evening by a railway engine.

Fire in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 5.—The New Orleans National Banking Association, C. Cavaroc, President, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, at a meeting held last evening, went into liquidation and will be placed in the hands of a receiver.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct 5.—The preliminary trial of Montgomery Parker, the farmer who murdered the boy Mills on September 27th in this county, was commenced yesterday. Twelve or fifteen witnesses were examined and clearly proved the case to be one of diabolical murder.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Edward S. Stokes, owing to sickness, was unable to appear when his case was called up this morning, and his trial was set down for Wednesday.

Victoria W. Vail, of Newark, is the name of the young woman who was found dead in the house of a clairvoyant in Jersey City yesterday. She died from alleged malpractice. Alonzo E. Kimball, married, has been arrested, charged with taking Miss Vail to the house where she died.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Machinery for the San F[rancis]co Mint.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Coining machinery has already been shipped from Philadelphia for the new San Francisco Mint and the contract been awarded for the construction of the engines, boilers and shafting. It is supposed by the Director of the Mint that operations will be commenced about the 30th of June next. In the meantime coining will go on as heretofore with present facilities.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The following postal changes for Oregon and Washington Territory were ordered last week:

Office established—Slaughton, Clarke county, W. T., Henry Conegys, P. M.

Postmasters appointed—Mrs. Mattie E. Huntley, Ellensburg, Curry county, Oregon; James Carnerford, Tulalip, Snohomish county, W. T.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

A New Alli[an]ce of French Political Parties.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—A special to the *World*, dated London, Oct. 4th, says Thiers has given his consent to the proposed alliance between the Republicans and Imperialists, as the only means of preventing the restoration by the Monarchists of the Count DeChambord as Henry V., who is receiving new accessions to his ranks. Nevertheless, the chances so far are in favor of the Monarchists, who have majorities in the Assembly and the entire army.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—A special from Paris to the *Observer* state that 350 Deputies of the French Assembly have pledged themselves to support a motion for the restoration of the Monarchy.

From Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The Deputies of the Right, at a meeting to-day, appointed Gen. Changarnier, Duke D'Audiffret Pasquier, Baron Deslacy, M. Combier and Count DeTram a committee to draw up a platform on which all sections of the Right might unite.

The Scheme for a Monarchy.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—The Paris *Journal*, monarchical newspaper, says a proposal for the restoration of a Monarchy on the basis of the charter of 1814 will be presented to the Assembly on the opening of the session

Manteuffel to Succeed Von Arnim at Paris.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—It is believed that General Manteuffel will replace Count Von Arnim as German Ambassador to France

Spanish War News—The Carlists Losing Ground.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—The Carlists are fast losing ground in the northern provinces. They are utterly demoralized, and the men accuse their leaders of treason. Gen Marliones, commander of the republican troops, is energetically advancing against them.

The siege of Cartagena is proceeding actively, the firing being very sharp on both sides. Many of the insurrectionists surrender daily to the republican forces.

UTAH.

From Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 6.—The Forty-Third Semi-Annual Conference of the Church of Latter-Day Saints assembled here to-day. Brigham Young and others addressed the assemblage. The list of Saints selected to go on missions was read by Geo. Q. Cannon. Scandinavia and the British Isles are the main fields of proselyting work. Eighteen missionaries will be sent to Europe and four to the Sandwich Islands. In his sermon, Geo. Q. Cannon bewailed the fact of the trials of to-day as being deleterious, and is having a visible effect on faith of many. The lust of the world was to be avoided by Saints.

The city is crowded with people. Fireworks, a parade and bands amuse visitors.

Brigham Young is again elected President of Zion's Co-operative Institution.

The *News*, Mormon Church organ, thinks the outlook encouraging for the Institution.

The First National bank reopens next week with abundance of means.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—The steamer *Montana*, from Panama, yesterday, brought $83,000 in treasure from Spanish and American ports.

Two Chinamen, Yin Lay and Ah Quoy were sentenced to the State prison, to-day, for burglary; one for nine years and the other for five years.

There was a report last evening that private detective Thomas Ansbro had been shot dead by a man in the western addition, which proved unfounded as Ansbro was not in the city.

A. B. Meacham lectured last night on the subject of the "Religion of the Modocs and other Northern Indians.

A movement will be inaugurated here to furnish aid to distressed people of Memphis.

Overland passenger—J. Ganter, Oregon.

The editor of the *Post* offers $400 reward for the apprehension of the mates of the *Sunrise*, Harris and Malloy.

There were slight showers of rain in this city to-day, and the sky is overcast with clouds. This is the last rain of the season here.

The worst surviving members of the Modoc tribe, including Barncho and Sloluix, will be brought to Alcatraz. The rest will be sent to Wyoming Territory.

There were nine bloody affrays amongst hoodlums on Pacific and Jackson streets last night. Result: the city prison to-day is filled with specimens of the element.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—Dennis Maloney, one of the mates on the ship *Sunrise*, was arrested at Olema, Marin county, to-day. Harris is still at large.

The U. S. grand jury has indicted Capt. Abel F. Scott for attempting to bribe the sailors of that ship not to testify against Capt. Clarke and the mates. He gave bail in the sum of $1,000.

There were heavy showers of rain here this afternoon, and it is still cloudy.

The Board of Stock Brokers to-day subscribed $250 for the relief of the people of Memphis.

Scarlatina is very prevalent amongst the children in the southern part of the city.

Wm. Smith, Robert Daley, Eliza Timins and a Chinamen were committed to the Insane Asylum to-day.

The trial of Thomas Curtin, who killed Wm. Johnson, the alleged seducer of the prisoner's daughter, commenced to-day in the Municipal Court. He was indicted for manslaughter.

The Pacific Transfer Company incorporated to-day a local express, for the purpose of carrying freight to and from the depots and steamer landings, with a capital of $100,000.

The recount of the votes for Bauer and Hubert for City Treasurer are not completed. County Judge Stanley conducts the count in the presence of counsel for contestants.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—There will be issued in this city October 20th a new evening paper, to be known as the *Daily Sun*, to be the size of the *Post*. It will be independent in politics, religion, etc.; will oppose monopolies, Chinese immigration and subsidies, and advocate reform in the civil government—also free trade, and farmers' and laborers' rights. The proprietors are I. M. King and R. P. Fitzgerald.

William Pope was arrested to-night for assault with intent to commit rape on the person of a German servant-girl in a boarding-house on Brannan street.

The Sheriff of Siskiyou county arrived to-night with a prisoner named John Shannon, sentenced to three years to the State Prison for grand larceny. The fellow escaped at Redding on the way down, but was recaptured.

Interior California.

MODOC, San Jose, Oct. 6.—Since noon we have had a heavy and steady rain, with indications to continue all night.

BANTAS, Oct. 6.—It commenced raining at 5:30 P. M. and continues to rain hard up to 8 P. M.

VALLEJO, Oct. 6.—It commenced raining at 1 P. M. and rained hard until 7 P. M.

There will be racing on the Sonoma and Napa Park grounds, free for all horses in the State, barring Occident, Elmo, May Howard and Purdy, for a purse of $750. On the 24th, also racing, free for all horses in the district, barring Gladiator and Lady Emma.

MODESTO, Oct. 6.—At 4 P. M. a fine shower, lasting 10 minutes, visited this place. At 1 P. M. rain again commenced, and at 5:30 P. M. still continues at 9 P. M.

STOCKTON, Oct. 6.—8:30 P. M.—It has ceased raining after a steady fall of two hours and a half.

THE VALUE OF A G. A. R. BADGE IN EUROPE.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who was a soldier in the Union army during the great rebellion, writes from Antwerp:

Walking through the streets of the city, I noticed numerous military and civil gentlemen wearing somewhere round the vicinity of their breasts ribbons and crosses; so, said I to myself, "Pete, those men who wear these things of distinction have never in their lives smelled war powder, and you who have lost your blood at Petersburg, and left your bones somewhere around the Arkansas river, have you not as much, or more, right to wear something of the kind on your small stomach?" My jealousy and pride were pricked. I opened my trunk and found there, stowed in one of the corners, my badge of the G. A. R., I had it immediately gold-plated, and the next Sunday I paraded the streets, just as the high mass was over. The first crowd I met with exclaimed, "That is the 'Cross of the Legion of Honor' of the Holy Father"(?), another said that it was that of the Sultan of Turkey, but still greater was my ambition, when a sentry came at a "shoulder arms." Of course I returned him my nicest salute. My greatest fear was to meet with an American who should have exposed me, but if they saw me, they have had the good sense not to do it, which favor I expect from your charming readers, should they, in their future rambles, meet with my humble self. Who, then, will presume to say that a "badge of the Grand Army of the Republic" is useless? I live now on the pride derived from it, which has prevented me from throwing myself into the Scheldt. *Salut fraternele*

P VAN DELL.

Marche aux gants 19, Antwerp

THE CASSIAR GOLD MINES.

There is a little more news from the Cassar gold mines, brought down by the *California* on her last trip from Sitka. On her way she called at Tongas and Fort Wrangle. Save and except one Custom House officer, every one had left for the mines—traders and all. The Stickeen river mouth being deserted. Messrs Smith & Adams had gone up to the mines, as well as Bronsworth, whose goods were on the *California*, and are conveyed back to Portland, their being no one at Fort Wrangle to receive them. Mr Goodhue the purser, brought along some coarse wash gold, as pure and beautiful as that from Lightning creek. It will assay $18.50 per ounce of which he takes down $250. There are several U. S Army officers on the *California*. They will land at Victoria and proceed to Fort Townsend on the *North Pacific*. They have in their possession some fine nuggets, from $10 to $25. A miner who came down on the *California* obtained two ounces of gold from three feet of bedrock. There are from ten to twenty men at the mines, who have gone up to stake claims and will be shortly down again.—*Tacoma Tribune.*

THE STATE FAIR.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE OREGON STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Display in the Pavilion—About the Stock-Pens—The First Race of the Week—Total Receipts, $3,100.

STATE FAIR GROUNDS, SALEM, Oct. 6, 1873.

The prospects for a successful Fair were never so flattering as at the present writing. There are more people camped on the ground this morning than ever before on the morning of the first day, and the rate at which they are pouring in, is highly gratifying to the Managers of the Society. At present, the scene is one of great activity and bustle. All are preparing for the week's campaign. Booths are springing up on every side, while the noisy importunities of the hucksters can be heard on all sides.

THE SHOW OF STOCK.

So far, is very superior, and will compare favorably with any State in the Union, especially in cattle. There is quite a rivalry among horsemen.

Mr. W. C. Myer, of Jackson county, has brought his celebrated Percheron horses, of which I will speak more fully in a day or two, when they will be paraded.

Hon. John Minto and others, who are noted for their success as sheep-raisers, have several lots, and are busy bringing their flocks on the ground. Their good natured rivalry will be interesting, and will go far to show the people of the State the success, thus far obtained, in that branch of stock raising.

THE ENTRIES IN THE PAVILION,

So far, have not been very numerous, but still are greater than at any time before. A great many suppose that Monday is the principal day of entrances, when it really is not, as a great number do not get here until late in the evening.

THE FLORAL DEPARTMENT

Is now well represented, and I am told that the prospects are fluttering for a good display.

Mr. G. L. DePrans has a goodly number of

ORGANS AND PIANOS

On exhibition, and quite a crowd is constantly around them enjoying their rich tones.

Mr. C. D. Snyder has manufactured a Landscape Scenery out of pasteboard, decorated with boats cars, etc., of which I will give a full description to-morrow.

MR. JOSEPH BUCHTEL

Of Portland, has contributed quite a number of his superb Photographs, which are an interesting feature of the exhibition.

The weather, at the present writing, is threatening rain, and if it should last but a short time, it will prove a benefit, especially in laying the dust; but a longer duration would be detrimental, and keep many away from the Grounds.

THE STOCK.

The cool and comfortable day, the prospect of a week of delightful weather and the general prosperity of the farmers are all favorable to a more than usual display of stock, both in number and superior blood. The indications already are that the number and superiority of breed will far exceed any of the former State Fairs of Oregon.

R. E. Stewart and sons, of North Yamhill, make a fine display of thoroughbred cattle. Their thoroughbred shorthorn bull, Baron Bedford, is only two years old. He was bought from J. H. Packard, of Ill.; he is half brother to the celebrated bull Baron Lewis. Baron Bedford is a large animal and still growing; he promises to be a powerful and valuable addition to the stock of the State. He took the first prize at the late Linn County Fair. Their bull, Hanibal, is a red thoroughbred, shorthorn, four years old and weighs 2,100 pounds. He took the first prize in the Sweepstakes at the Linn County Fair last month. He was bred by G. J. Hagerty, of Ohio; is distinguished for his square, compact form, and the calves sired by him have given great satisfaction. Their thoroughbred shorthorn cow, Belle of White Oak, is a light roan, six years old, bred by Mr. McMillen, of Xenia, Ohio and bought from J. N. Brown and sons, of Ill. She possesses most of the qualities for which the Durhams are so famous. She has had one calf since she came to the State, that gave great promise, but it died shortly after being exhibited at the last State Fair.

Their cow, Markham Maid, is a thoroughbred shorthorn. She was bred by George Miller Markham, Ontario, Canada, and imported by the Messrs. Stewarts. She is a four-year old, and a great favorite with her owners. Her calf, Oregon Maid, four months old, is the exact color of her mother, has all her good points, and promises to be her equal in all respects.

Their red and white thoroughbred two-year old cow, Miss Miller, is a real fancy animal of rare beauty, and greatly admired.

Her bull calf, St. Joseph, is two months old, pure red and white. He is the favorite calf in R. E. Stewart & Son's herd, and promises to be a most valuable acquisition to the thoroughbred stock of Oregon.

Their red and white thoroughbred shorthorn cow, Bonnie Belle, is a two-year old. She was bred by G. J. Hagerty, of Nashport, Ohio, and sired by the famous bull Sweepstakes of Kentucky. This is a small cow, but beautiful in form and figure. Her cow calf, Prairie Belle, is red and white, like the mother; was sired by Baron Bedford, and is in every sense a beautiful calf.

Their heifer, Orphan Belle, is a red thoroughbred shorthorn, one year old. She is in calf to Baron Bedford. Her mother was bred by James W. Brown & Son, Ill., and bought of the Messrs. Stewart. This heifer was born after arriving in Oregon. She is considered a first class heifer, and much admired by stockmen.

Their Ayreshire bull, Evendale Farmer is a two-year old, powerful animal. He was imported from Canada when a calf. He is a pure red and white, and has a great reputation for getting fine stock, distinguished for their milking qualities.

Their Ayreshire red and white cow, Bess, is a three-year old, and was imported from Canada by the present owners. She possesses many of the best qualities peculiar to her breed.

Her bull calf, Willamette Farmer, is the image of his mother—red and white—he is five months old, and is an extremely beautiful calf, and highly prized by his owners.

Their Ayreshire cow, Rose, two years old, is a light red, and is half sister of the cow Bess. She is a small cow, but a famous milker. So much so, that she kept the family of six persons in milk all the season

Their year old heifer Myrtle is also a red and white color. The cow Bess is her mother, and was sired by the celebrated bull Turbolten, of Canada. She is well formed, and very beautiful.

R. E. Stewart & Sons also exhibit a bull and calf of the Holstein breed. The bull called by them the Fourth Lord of Taxdleer, is a thoroughbred of his class, is a pure white, and two years old. The cow Mudvodd Thirteenth, is a black and white color, two years of age and a famous milker. They were raised by W. W Chenery, of Boston, from pure imported stock. This class of stock are equally good for raising prime meat as they are distinguished for great milkers.

Mr. S. S. Reed's stock occupies a prominent place in the show-yard, and appears to great advantage. Among his shorthorns is the bull Governor General. He is an animal of great fame, both in the Eastern States and the Pacific coast. He is a beautiful roan, nearly three years old, and bred by M H Cochran, of Canada. He is an animal of immense substance, well laid shoulder, prominent bosom and level all over.

The Lord of the Valley is a bull that is universally admired. He is 14 months old, from the pure Booth cow Honeysuckle, by Cochran's imported Booth bull Royal Commander. He is valued by the owner at $8,000. There is a grandeur and massiveness about him, combined with a symmetrical form that has never been surpassed by any animal of his age. He won the Challenge Cup at the late Hillsboro Fair, beating the Governor General, who stood victorious in ten different occasions in the United States—the first time he was ever beaten.

The white bull calf Mount Hood won the first prize at the Hillsboro Fair, held last month. He is very thick of flesh, short legged, and a grand sample of early maturity.

Captain Jack is a red and white bull calf, six months of age. He is a fine specimen of what a well cared for shorthorn calf can be brought to.

Mr. Reed exhibits some of his thoroughbred shorthorn cows. Among them are four, some of them prize winners previous to their importation.

Rose Sovereign is a magnificent rich roan Booth heifer, possessing great body, short legs, and shows great constitution.

Glossy Woodbine is a three year old, deep red roan, famous in the old country as the winner of the fifty guinea Purdon challenge cup open to all Great Britain and Ireland, when but a year old.

Rosedale resembles very much the latter in excellence, and is of the same family as the animals sold at Mr. Campbell's sale at New York Mills on the tenth of Sept.

Primrose is a beautiful Booth heifer, roan in color and dam of the beautiful snow white bull Mount Hood. She is either half sister or closely connected to ten of the principal prize winners in England this season.

Bell Flower is a two year old roan heifer. She resembles the bull Governor General in character,—she being got by the same sire,—the celebrated imported Booth bull General Napier, that now stands at the head of the Glenn Flora herd.

Glossy Sixth is a lovely roan heifer calf; sired by Governor General; her dam was Glossy Fifth, which virtually makes her a Booth heifer. She is an animal of great perfection and maturity. Competent judges have no hesitation in saying that she is as fine a calf as was ever seen on the Pacific coast.

It is gratifying to learn that the stock that Mr. Reed has raised from his thoroughbred shorthorns are superior to his imported cattle. Mr. Reed, of Washington county, and the Messrs. Stewart, of North Yamhill, have laid the State under great obligations by the large number of thoroughbred stock of the best kind, that they have imported and raised in Oregon.

Saxe Bros. and Col. Saxe exhibit eleven thoroughbred shorthorn Durham bulls, brought direct from Kentucky.

Grand Prince is a magnificent animal. He is a pure deep red, two years old, and weighs 1,950 pounds. They value him at $1,500.

Washington Duke is a deep red, two years old.

Bell Duke is a strawberry roan, one year old.

Mocomo is a red and white one year old bull.

Logan is a year old roan bull.

The Duke of Hildom Second is a red bull calf. Lord Lilly is a year old roan bull. Hannibal is a red bull calf. Saxecobung is a red bull calf. Bertram is a year old red bull.

Col. Saxe exhibits the two year old roan bull, The Bean. These bulls will all be offered for sale after the examination by the Judges. They are valued at from $1,500 to $400 each, and are all from the best stock raisers in Kentucky.

TROTTING.

At 1:30 P. M. the cry of the Marshals was heard above the noise and bustle of the crowds, calling the opening race of the week. It was a trotting, 2 in 3, for horses that have never beaten three minutes; 1st premium, $150; 2d premium, $50. Going to the grand stand we found a large and impatient crowd awaiting the event. On all sides were heard the cries of Young America anxious to be "bit" by his shrewder and elder relative. Betting was quite as brisk as could be expected on this, the first race, and considerable money changed hands. The entries were as follows: C. P. Bacon named s. m. Fannie Fern. William Gird named b. m. Minnie Montgomery. L. B. Lindsey b. m. Lilly. The horses started well together in both heats. On the second heat Minnie Montgomery behaved badly, running and going off her feet constantly. The race and first money was won by Lilly in two straight heats. Time—3:20 and 3:13½. Fannie Fern second, and Minnie third.

THE TOTAL ENTRIES

Up to 4 P. M. are: Horses, 63; cattle, 40; sheep, 19; flowers, 54; preserves, etc., 48; music, 5; millinery, 100; garden produce, 12, domestic manufacture, 3; wild animal, 1; fruit, 1; dairy, 5, woolen manufactures, 7; swine, etc., 2, natural history, 31; agricultural implements, 5.

THE TOTAL RECEIPTS

Of the day foot up $3,100, an amount considerably in excess of the first day of last year.

A KISS IN THE DARK.

WHAT RISKS YOUNG MEN RUN.

[From the Toledo Blade.]

Mr. Timothy Jeers, on Madison street, has a daughter who is old enough to be interesting to our city beaux, and is also very attractive in appearance. But if there is any one thing more than another our friend Tim despises, it is too see young girls, the age of his daughter, having their heads full of nonsense as he terms it.—and it is pretty generally understood among the young men, that they run some risk of not meeting a very cordial reception when they call on Minnie Jeers.

Last Thursday night Tim was down town on business, and when he reached the street, near his house, on his way home, he heard a low murmur of conversation, and saw a young man talking to his daughter over the gate. He knew now why it was she was so anxious to go to the conference meeting, and his anger was kindled to a white heat by seeing that young man deliberately bend over the gate and kiss Minnie. He then said "good night" and turned to go home, but Tim thought he had something to say to this proceeding, and caught up with him, took him by the ear, and delivered several well directed kicks under the young man's coat.

"Let go, let go!" shouted the young gallant at the top of his voice; but Tim held him by the ear, till his anger was satisfied, and then with the remark that he needn't come around that house till he was sent for, he let him go and walked into the house.

Mrs. J. was sitting at the table reading, and asked him what the noise was she had just heard in the street.

"Nothing of any consequence," said Tim, "I have said often enough that I will not have a pack of boys running after Minnie, and I mean it. I just saw one kiss her over the gate, and I expostulated with him in a manner that will deprive us of his company hereafter."

"Why, Timothy Jeers! What do you mean. Our Minnie has been in bed over an hour!"

"Whew!" said Tim, "then who in thunder was it the fellow kissed at the gate?"

"Perhaps the cook had a young man home with her; I will go and see." But before she could leave the room the cook came in, face aflame, an indignation in her eyes. She waited not a second but broke out—

"Which I wish to leave at once, ma am I couldn't stay longer ma'am." And no persuasions or explanations were of any avail, leave she did.

Tim says he regrets punishing an innocent man, but after all it is well to have it understood in the neighborhood that he will not allow any kissing going on on his premises.

SALVINI'S POSITION IN OPHELIO. In the first act he has the drab burnous and rich scarlet turban with shawl turban—this is in peace and in council. In Cyprus he is accoutred in harness of war, cuirass, steel turban and steel greaves. In the domestic scenes he is habited in embroidered blue jacket and loose Zouave drawers with yellow slippers, and in the death scene he comes on the stage bare-headed and with yellow *robe de nuit*. In this respect he adopts the idea of Edwin Booth, whose costume was essentially Moorish or Tunisan.—*New York World.*

Don Carlos, as King of Spain, has issued a postage stamp bearing his portrait.

OREGON.

Nearly all the Indians belonging to the Umatilla Reservation are now reported to be leaving around Walla Walla.

The types yesterday morning made us say that Gov. Grover would speak at Hillsboro on the 16th. It should have been next Friday, the 10th inst.

We feel it our duty even at this late day to speak of the excellent order which prevailed on the grounds throughout the entire time of the Hillsboro Fair. Under the management of the Grand Marshal, Mr. F. L. Stott and his aids, and the Superintendents of the classes, everything worked admirably.

A short time since Mr Walker, near Forest Grove, had fifty bushels of wheat stolen; and then Mr. A. Horner was called upon to mourn the loss of a quantity of oats, and now comes Mr. Hubbard and states that during a brief visit to Portland his granary was opened and an unknown quantity of grain feloniously abstracted therefrom.

A THIRD TERM

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It is evident that the people are really ceasing to govern, except in serious emergencies. Of course, as our republic is representative and not democratic, they have never governed directly. They have governed, except in the choice of the President, indirectly through representatives. The theory is that they elect such representatives as they please. The fact has come to be that they elect only such as a very few men designate. It is a government of the caucus or primary meeting; and the caucus is controlled by a few who have a special personal interest in the result, which the rest have not. That superior intelligence should rule is natural. But this ruling class does not represent superior intelligence. When the voter comes to the poll, he does not vote for the candidate whom he prefers, nor for that one whom the best men of his party prefer, but for him who best suits the selfish interest of a small class. This class in our political community is that of the office-holders, and the office-holders depend, directly or indirectly, under our civil service system, upon the pleasure of the President. They are distributed throughout the country. They are felt in every party committee and primary meeting. Politics, nominations, the selection of delegates, are not their pastime, but their bread-and-butter. Through them the President may be coercively present in every caucus and that presence is the germ of Cæsarism. We observe as we write a curious illustration of this truth. In reconstituting the Republican State Committee of Massachusetts, the delegation from each county named the members from the county. It was proposed in the Berkshire delegation to omit from the committee Mr. Tinker, an internal revenue collector, who had made himself peculiarly offensive as a Butler agent. The delegation were strongly opposed to him. But, according to the report, one of the members "pleaded for his retention on the ground that, being an office holder, he represented the Administration, and that it would be a censure upon Grant to remove him!" Is it not time to consider? For Cæsarism is merely absolute personal power under constitutional forms. Augustus did not overthrow the form of the old Roman republic. That remained unchanged. There was no diadem, no court. As Senator, Cæsar voted in the Senate, and his power was renewed to him from time to time. Even the parody of Cæsarism in France proved it. It to be founded upon universal suffrage. Tyrants always wish to show that they are "leading." No American President, however madly ambitious, would grasp a crown and wear the purple. He would seek to gain permanent power by the misuse of patronage to secure constant renominations and to corrupt public sentiment.

Here is a plain peril. Why did not the fathers guard against it in the Constitution? Simply because it did not then exist, and could not be foreseen. The original proposition in the Convention was that the term of the Presidency should be seven years, and that the Chief Magistrate should not be re-eligible. But as he was to be indirectly elected, as there was virtually no army except the State militia, and as he had the power neither of the purse nor of the sword, the fathers supposed that they had removed all chance of danger from a re-election. Naturally they were more jealous of the power of the executive than of any other branch of the Government. But, when they had, as they supposed, incapacitated the President from securing his own re-election, they were willing to trust that question to the people. That the development of the Government would create a vast civil army, encamped throughout the country, highly organized, selfishly devoted to the will of the Administration, and commanded from the capital, no human wisdom could foresee. When Washington was President the whole number of subordinate officers in the civil service was hardly larger than that of those who are today employed in the New York Custom house alone. The first Blue book, published in 1801, during Jefferson's administration, is a most modest volume. But those who may now properly be called office-holders, including the laborers in navy-yards and upon the public works, whose muscle is always found so serviceable to an Administration in doubtful primaries, are not less than a hundred thousand persons. In this army lie whatever perils of Cæsarism and of centralization possibly threaten us. Forty years ago, Webster and Calhoun warned the country against the aggrandizement of the executive power. What would they say now?

The practical remedy is obvious. It is to do what the fathers supposed they had done. It is to restrict the civil service to its proper function, by removing it from mere party control. When that is done, a third term of a sixth term need be no more alarming than a first term. But until that is done, it may anxiously and justly be asked whether a third term does not make a sixth term more probable. The other remedy which has been proposed, the one-term amendment, is entirely unsatisfactory. It would not prevent the peril which arises from the present system of the civil service, and might easily expose the country to serious danger, as it would have done during the rebellion.—*Harper's Weekly Sept. 27th.*

GENERAL NOTES.

The stone for the Standish monument at Duxbury, Mass., has been all cut and is nearly all on the top of Captain's Hill. The laying goes on to the amount of about eighteen inches in height per day. The stones contributed by the New England States form the sides of the main arch on the south door-way, and that of the United States, presented by President Grant, is the key-stone. It was contemplated to invite the President to set this stone when here in the summer, but it was not quite ready, and it is hoped that the Vice-President will do it in about a fortnight. The Maine and New Hampshire stones were set on Thursday, and those of the New England States will be set next week without formal ceremonies.

Many of the mill girls at Chicopee, Mass., are becoming inveterate snuff dippers, and on any pleasant "mooning" groups of girls can be seen on the canal bridges, each supplied with a box of snuff and a bunch of cotton waste, rubbing their gums with infinite satisfaction. The mill girls at Lowell have long been addicted to this habit, but its advent in Chicopee is quite recent.

A granite block weighing forty-three tons has just been quarried at Westerly, Rhode Island. It is the largest ever quarried there, and is intended for the die of the Cummings monument to be erected at Greenwood, the base of which is to be ten feet eight inches square and two feet thick, and the shaft fifty feet in height overall. The Worcester soldiers' monument, a very fine piece of chiselling, has just been delivered, and so has the monument of General Anderson at West Point.

THE TERRITORIES.

The Walla Walla grand jury found nine indictments last week.

The road between Lewiston and Walla Walla is said to be in a very bad condition.

Immensely rich discoveries are reported to have been recently made in Missoula county, Montana.

Three jurors at Walla Walla last week were fined the amount of their pay for the term because of tardiness.

The stone work of the Territorial Penitentiary, on McNeil's Island, in Pierce county, W. T., is entirely done, and the brick work is rapidly following suit.

From Gov. Salomon, the Resident Director of the Olympia Railway and Mining Company, the *Tribune* learns that the prospects of the road are very encouraging.

On Monday, the 22d ult., at Bozeman, the corner stone of a Methodist Episcopal Church edifice was laid with appropriate ceremonies. Revs. Iliff, Alderson, and Bird officiated.

Henry G. Norton, associate editor of the *Montanian*, goes East October 1st, to bring out his anxiously awaited book, entitled "Wonderland, or Horseback rides through the National Park."

On Tuesday of last week, a son of L. F. Holman, living about two miles north of Walla Walla, was kicked by a horse and badly injured. The boy was about seven years old. He was badly cut in the skull and forehead.

The *Montanian*, of the 18th of September, has the following: While at York, Stinkingwater, last week, we were shown by Mr. Alex. Metzel the ground and the two crops of barley that had been harvested from it this season. Both crops were good. After the first crop was cut the ground was irrigated, and the second crop came up voluntarily.

The Bellingham Bay *Mail* says a most unfortunate man is Mr. Crandall, of Fidalgo. Not being satisfied with having been riddled with the spring gun, his leg broken thereby, which subsequently had to be amputated and his life despaired of by his physicians, when he is now in a fair way of recovering from his injuries he falls down and breaks the other leg at the thigh.

Articles have been filed in the Secretary's office at Olympia, incorporating the McCarver Street Wharf Company, by D. B. Hanna, John S. Hill and M. M. McCarver. The object is to construct a wharf at the foot of McCarver street, in Tacoma. The capital stock is $18,000, divided into 100 shares of $100 each. Also articles of incorporation of the Tacoma Water Company, by the same parties, with a capital stock of $50,000, divided into 1,000 shares, of $50 each, the purpose being to bring pure fresh water into Tacoma.

The latest advices, says the *Courier*, from "the great city" of Tacoma, report everything distressingly quiet. All the hands on the railroad have been discharged except a few Chinamen who are employed by Montgomery. Over 3,000 feet of water pipe have been contracted by the parties intending to furnish Tacoma with water. Mr. Fred. Sahm has entered upon the discharge of his duties as postmaster. Mrs. McCarver, while horseback riding at Tacoma, recently, was severely injured by the horse on which she was riding falling backwards and rolling over her.

The Boston *Globe*, of the 20th ult., says: A day or two since, we referred to the departure of the *Tuscarora* for Puget Sound for the purpose of conveying the line for an ocean cable between America and Asia. The cable in prospect will probably be laid from Puget Sound to the Aleutian Islands, thence to Southern Kamschatka, thence by way of the Kurile Islands to Japan, crossing the narrow sea near the southern point of the Corean peninsula to Shanghae, China. The Northern Pacific Railroad terminates at Puget Sound, and the cable will communicate with the lines along this road, as well as with lines from Puget Sound to San Francisco.

A short time since, a Mr. Benjamin, with his wife and child, left Walla Walla in his wagon for his home in the Spokane country. When between the Palouse and Pine Creek, not far from Graden & Lawrence's, the wagon suddenly up-tipped from the shelf or bench on which they were driving, and precipitated all three into the dust. The wagon fell on top of both mother and child, the tongue broke, and the horses fell back on the wagon. Mr. Benjamin was unhurt. Another team being just behind, and the driver witnessing the accident, hastened to the scene. The wagon was righted, and the mother and child taken from the dust. Both were literally buried. When the child, a little girl of five or six years, was *dragged out*, she was "stone dead," with her mouth, eyes and ears completely filled with dust. The mother was very severely injured, and it is doubtful whether she may recover, especially as her injuries seem severe, and there is no physician in that region.

A gentleman just down from the Spokane country, informs the Walla Walla *Spirit* of a case of horse stealing on a large scale which has just occurred in that region. The two persons known to be concerned are Scranton, former partner of Downing in the Spokane mills, and notorious in the late case of cattle stealing, and a man whose name is Charles Maize. Several other parties are suspected, but as the proof is not strong in their cases, we refrain from mentioning names. The stealing or taking away of the animals occurred about two weeks since. About forty head of horses and mules are supposed to have been taken. Four horses and six mules were taken from a Frenchman by the name of Comeski, ten horses from the Charles Kimball property at the Spokane bridge, several from a man by the name of Moon, besides others stolen. The thieves emigrated with the stolen animals in the night. On learning of the theft the Deputy Sheriff of Whitman county pursued them. Information of their fording the Spokane was obtained from a party of surveyors whom they passed. After pursuing them as far as Lewiston, where some mule that had been left behind was recovered, the Deputy, finding that the thieves were several days in advance, and being unable to overtake them, gave up the pursuit.

THE SEATTLE FAIR.

THIRD ANNUAL FAIR OF THE WESTERN WASHINGTON INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION.

SEATTLE, Oct. 1, 1873.

The third annual Fair of this Association was held in Seattle, commencing on the 1st of October, and continuing until the close of this fourth day.

The building and grounds selected for the purpose were the University building and the grounds adjacent to and surrounding it. Neither could have been more wisely chosen for the large and ample rooms on the first and second floors of the University furnishing ample space for the fine and tasty arrangement and advantageous and pleasing display of the works of art and productions of nature which are usually placed upon exhibition at such Fairs; while the grounds near the building were bountifully supplied with water and all other elements necessary to convenience.

FIRST DAY.

Although so announced,

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 7 1873

A COWARDLY EVASION

The *Bulletin* in referring to the vigorous words of *Harper's Weekly* on the subject of party faults which we published last Saturday garbles the plain meaning of the article and strives to grasp the threatening sword to forge the reform a shield for Hiram Smith's defense We propose to show in as few words as possible the dishonest intent to which this desperate champion of social vice will resort in its last dire extremity

The *Bulletin* says the path of our opposition is simply this If bad men are nominated there is no obligation to support them And then it goes on to say that Hiram Smith is not a bad man and therefore liable to the definition of Mr Curtis We will quote *Harper's* again asking our readers to notice the words italicized

Every Republican however who knows the practical value of an existing and efficient organization and who honors the party name and tradition will do what he can to have the party represented by its best men and held to its highest aim *This can be done only by refusing to support improper nominations, however strong they may be and by vigorously censuring all improper action upon the part of Republican leaders* Let every voter remember that voters do not make a party and that the only way to control them is to defeat them If they find that bad men are not supported they will nominate good men *And if by the refusal to support their action, the opposition succeeds, it is the managers not the voters, who are responsible* This kind of independence was not so easy as it is now The present duty of Republicans is not so much to support the party as to insist and take to care that the party shall be worthy of support

It will readily be perceived that this paragraph comprehends much more than the *Bulletin* has seen fit to confess It recognizes the right and duty of every Republican to measure the fitness of a candidate for popular suffrage by the record he professes and the principles he represents This is the first and most important consideration After it and secondary to it comes the consideration of probability—of personal fitness The extract does not teach that bad men alone should be opposed—as the *Bulletin* would have us believe It rather urges that all candidates improperly nominated should be opposed. And furthermore it calls for the censure of "all improper action upon the part of representatives" Now a nomination may be improper notwithstanding the nominee be a man of spotless reputation and blameless life In the case of the Albany Convention, the nomination was improper because it was gained by a fraud. At least, a fraud lay at the bottom of the whole work of that day and nothing is plainer than the determination that the tincture of that fraud should run into everything that followed that action. This is conceded even by those who will not immediately connect them with the guilty clique It is the position assumed by every intelligent citizen who has the general of the whole country at heart. It is even conceded to by those who have labored to support Hiram Smith himself, and that he is the regular nominee

If the first duty of every Republican is to see that the party has for its representative a good man who stand on good principles These considerations are primary, are fundamental and from them all else flows We have in another article to show that the Albany nomination is not according to this definition. The *Bulletin* has been guilty of an evasion unworthy an honest journalist It has its doors in the adoption by the Republican convention of Oregon of the sound principle set forth in the extract from *Harper* we take out text As to its charge that the OREGONIAN seeks to justify its course by *Harper's Weekly* we have to say that the OREGONIAN enunciated, three years ago, the very doctrine taught by *Harper's* this and yet we would not be justified to accept *Harper's Weekly* as a guide And we are glad to be "justified" by the opinions of all good men We have no fears but that we shall be justified by the people on the 13th inst.

THE MEANNESS OF MONOPOLIES

We do not refer to the stupendous robberies and impositions practiced by those well known corporations whose hand is felt now at the nation's throat The people of the great producing West and Northwest in the grievous perversity and misuse of their power, are attending to their own evils. To them their future may safely be left. We have, however, here in the very midst, a monopoly composed of several corporations, controlled by one governing spirit, which for attention to detail and smallness of purpose can hardly be equalled

Notice through these columns has been made before to the fact that freight rates have been advanced on our railroads in direct ratio to the advance in the price of grain. The result of such action is obvious to every producer It declares in unmistakable terms, that no matter how high the price of grain may be in foreign markets, the railroad ring will fix the price for the farmer who is unfortunate enough that he doesn't like the rates established by this *private* corporation, which however has condemned his land for a public use, he can take the county road now held in the days before grants of our public lands had warmed this monopoly into being.

This monopoly has distinguished itself in other fields It is not enough to break down and destroy thriving villages along the railway line by locating depots in inaccessible places it is not enough to take all the profits of wheat culture as freights It is not enough to allow no paper but the ring organ to be carried on the cars it is not enough to monopolize the steamboat and water business on the railway lines to the exclusion and detriment of several small boats' No it was reserved for our magnanimous monopoly to be over that several drayman outside of its corporation men with small means work carriages, an honest livelihood for themselves and families without paying tribute to the railroads This was sufficient to excite the cupidity of the ring Hence the fiat has gone forth that these draymen must be crushed. What next?

The subscription raised in England for Signor Mario has now reached £6 000 and it is proposed to purchase a freehold villa for presentation to the once great tenor

QUITE CHARACTERISTIC

Any one taking up the *Bulletin* of yesterday morning would have seen at the head of the first column on the first page a pretty full description of the execution of the Modocs at Fort Klamath on Friday last headed "Special from Fort Klamath" Of course the *Bulletin* wanted to convey the impression that it had telegraphed these details from Jacksonville which is a matter of fact the pretended special was simply the OREGONIAN'S extra of Sunday revised and slightly amended The OREGONIAN was the only paper in Oregon that had a correspondent at the scene of the execution It was also the only paper that telegraphed a line on the subject The appropriation of our dispatch by the *Bulletin* as a matter of news was not objectionable but when it attempts to blood wink its readers and gain credit for something it has not done we feel inclined to puncture the wind bag If the *Bulletin* had put at the head of its pretended special "From the OREGONIAN extra of yesterday we should have been inclined to credit it with truthfulness for once But it seems determined to forestall our every effort in that direction

A VENDETTA AND ITS BLOODY END

By a dispatch from Salem to this office, we are informed that "in a general row at Dallas Polk county, yesterday afternoon, Td Glaze shot and killed A H Whitley" The bloody tragedy which has had an ending so bloody has been in progress for several years past It will be remembered that a son of the man slain on yesterday was killed in Glaze's saloon at Dallas in the early part of the summer At that time we published an interesting account of the origin and progress of the feud At the time of his death, Whitley stood convicted of assault with intent to kill and we believe his case was on appeal to the Supreme Court He has always borne the reputation of being a dangerous man, and his presence in the quiet community of Dallas has always been a source of terror to his numerous enemies

OREGON STATE FAIR, 1873

Programme for Each Day's Exercises.

TUESDAY

Entries for premiums will be received at the Secretary's office during the day, and until 9 A M to-morrow

Opening Address—The opening address will be delivered near the Pavilion at 10 30 by the President

Running—At 2 30 P M running for Oregon bred horses and colts, dash of one mile First premium $150 2d premium $50

WEDNESDAY

At 9 o clock this morning *all entries close*

Annual Election—The annual election of officers of the Society for 1874 will be held at the Pavilion to-day from 9 A M to 4 P M

Grand Parade—At 10 o'clock A M grand parade of animals entered for premiums, including horses, cattle, jacks jennies, and mules

Cattle—Examinations at the stock pens and stalls at 2 P M

Horses of All Work—Examinations at the stock pens at 2 P M

Saddle Horses—At 2 30 o'clock P M, trial of saddle horses for the following premiums 1st premium, $8 2nd $5 Trial as the committee may decide

Carriage and Buggy Horses—At 3 o'clock P M, trial of carriage and buggy horses in No 5, Class 2, for the following premiums Span carriage horses, 1st p $15 2nd p $10 Span match buggy roadsters, owned by one man, 1st p $15, 2nd p $10 Buggy horse, 1st p $8 2nd p $5 Form, style and movement to be considered by the judges in such trials as they may decide

Walking Horses—At 4 40 P M trial of walking horses one mile First p $8, 2nd p $5

THURSDAY

Roadsters—Examinations on the track at 9 A M

Draft Horses—At 9 A M, examination of draft horses No 2, of Class 2 at the stock pens

Thoroughbreds—At 10 A M, Committee on thoroughbred horses will examine stock entered in this department, at the stock pens

Trotting—At 1 30 P M trotting for horse mare or gelding which has never beaten 2 40, mile heats, 3 in 5 1st p $200, 2 p $100

Running—At 4 P M running for horse mare or gelding, mile heats 2 in 3 First p $200 2d p $100

FRIDAY

Sweepstakes—For horses mares and colts without regard to blood At 9 A M examinations of stock in class at the stock yards

Sweepstakes for Stallions—Examination at 10 A M, at same place

Jacks, Jennies and Mules—At 11 30 A M examination of stock in this department at the stock yards

Annual Address—At 11 30 A M annual address (near the Pavilion) by Rev Thomas Condon of the Dalles

Trotting—At 1 o'clock P M trotting for horse mare or gelding mile heats 3 in 5 First p $350 2d p $150

Running—At 3 o clock P M running for horse mare or gelding mile heats, 3 in 5 First p $350 2d p $150

Equestrianship—At 5 P M ladies equestrianship First p, $20 2d p $10

SATURDAY

To-day premiums will be paid and all business of the Fair concluded

The Board of Managers will meet at the Secretary's office at 9 o'clock A M each day for the transaction of business

THE NEW STATE CAPITOL

ORDER OF MASONIC CEREMONIES AT THE LAYING OF THE COPING STONE.

Order of Procession.

Tyler with drawn sword
Stewards with rods
Master Masons (of all Lodges) will march by twos
Two Deacons with rods
Secretaries and Treasurers
Past Masters

Music.

Grand Tyler with drawn sword
Grand Stewards with white rod
Grand Secretary and Treasurer
Three great Lights supported by two Stewards
Grand Chaplains
Five Orders of Architecture
Masters and Wardens
Past Masters
Past Grand Secretaries
Past Grand Treasurers
Past Grand Wardens
Grand Orator
Past Deputy Grand Masters
Past Grand Masters
Chief Magistrate, Staff and Civil Officers
Representatives of the Press
Junior Grand Warden, carrying a Silver Vessel with Oil
Senior Grand Warden carrying a Vessel with Wine
Deputy Grand Master carrying the Golden Vessel with Corn
Master Workman, with Trowel, Gavel and Square
Multitude

GRAND MARSHAL

Grand Marshal with Aids

Oregon Rifles

Oregon Light Infantry

Oregon Cadets

Route of March:

The procession will be formed in the following manner on the Grand Marshal's Ride: Up Front to Morrison, up Morrison to Third, up Third to Yamhill, up Yamhill to Fourth, up Fourth to Washington, up Washington to Second, up Second to Main, up Main to Front, down Front to Ankeny, up Ankeny to Third, up Third to Alder, up Alder

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1873.

CITY.

RESCUED FROM INFAMY.—Last evening a little girl, aged about 14 years, was found by Officer Buck in one of the houses of ill-fame on Second street, where she had been decoyed by a procuress. On being taken by the officer from the abode of infamy she told her story, which was certainly a pitiful one if true. The girl gave her name as Mary E. Sullivan. She said that she lived in Kalama, her father went to the States some time ago, leaving her and her mother alone and unprovided for. Her mother, she said, had beat her and treated her with great cruelty for a long time, and which culminated, last week, in the parent driving the child away from home. She was told by the inhuman mother, that if she ever came back again, she (the mother) would kill her. After wandering about and encountering much trouble the girl had managed to get to Portland, where she soon after fell into the hands of the vile creature, in whose house she was found by the officer. Promises of kind treatment, food and clothing were made her, and she, in child-like simplicity, thought that there was nothing wrong in accepting the hospitalities thus tendered by the debased and evil-minded woman, who was seeking to reap a reward for the part she was acting in luring innocence to ruin and disgrace. When the character of the house and the inmate was explained by the officer, the child evinced great willingness to abandon both. Questioning the propriety of placing so young a girl in jail for the night, officer Buck at length obtained admission for her in a private family, where she remained last night. To-day the matter will be investigated. If the child's statements of the wrongs she has endured, are true, the heartless mother should be made to suffer, and at all events, it is an instance which elicits the most lively sympathies for the fate of the hapless wanderer, and should call for prompt assistance.

RUSSIAN STOVE.—A well known gentleman of this city received by the last steamer from Sitka, a model of a Russian stove. These stoves are in general use among the resident Russians of that portion of the country, and are very popular. The model we inspected is simply constructed, and will cost much less than the ordinary parlor and office stoves. It can be made entirely of brick, mortar and sheet iron. The interior of these stoves are built of common brick and mortar or fire clay, divided into several separate compartments, all of which are connected by narrow passages. The outside is covered with sheet-iron. These stoves are like a cylinder in shape and are placed on the end similar to many of the patterns used in offices and counting rooms. They can be constructed of any desirable size, with two or three sections so as to be taken apart and placed together again at pleasure, or as occasion may require. The principal advantage claimed for these stoves is the great difference in the quantity of fuel required. The Russians place one of these heaters in a corner of their humble dwellings and fill it with wood or coal. This will last for six or seven hours, producing a steady, uniform heat, and keeps the apartment comfortable. Less than one-half the fuel is required to produce a steady fire than is necessary with the ordinary stoves. By an ingenious contrivance, and the adjustment of slides these stoves can be made to bake well and perform culinary service.

YOUTHFUL DEPRAVITY.—The boy thief, alluded to in a previous issue, who stole a horse and bridle from a gentleman residing in East Portland, was tried before Recorder J. A. Newell yesterday, charged with grand larceny. In consideration of his tender age (only 11 years), and the promises made by the deeply humiliated and grieved parents of the boy, to send him away, the Recorder discharged the juvenile culprit after administering a fatherly reprimand. The action of the Recorder was perfectly justifiable under the circumstances. The broken and violated law could not be atoned for in the commitment of the boy to the county jail, to await the tardy action of the grand jury. Association with some of the worst criminals, and the humiliation to which he would thus be subjected, could only render him more obdurate and callous, and impart lessons of crimes of a deeper magnitude on his susceptible mind. The history of youthful depravity demonstrates the fact that the imprisonment of small boys for offenses, like ordinary felons, tends more to make and confirm them in the ways of crime than to effect reformation. One of the most pressing, imperious and growing necessities of Portland is the establishment of a Reform School.

RUNAWAY.—A very lively and exciting runaway occurred yesterday evening about five o'clock. Spaulding Bros., the well known butchers, had left their team, attached to an express wagon, standing in front of the Central Market, at the west end. On finding themselves let loose, the horses started up Second street at a fearful speed. Coming to Washington street one of the horses, a large powerful grey—stumbled and fell headlong. The momentum was so great that the other horse dragged its fallen companion nearly sixty yards before coming to a halt. The fallen animal was thrown violently against the sidewalk in front of the butcher shop at the corner of Washington and Second streets. It was badly bruised, and a large piece of skin torn from its flank and hip. The animal was unable to rise, and had to be carted away to its stable. There is little doubt but what the horse, which is a valuable one, will die from the injuries received.

BODIES RECOVERED FOUND.—On the last trip of the *California* to Sitka, a man by the name of Stevens, who owns a small sloop and is engaged in trading with the Indians in the vicinity of the place where the *Geo. S. Wright* was wrecked, reported to the officers of the steamer that the Indians told him they had found the bodies of four white men on Admiralties Island. They had also found, and had in their possession, the stern post of the lost steamer. The Indians reported that they supposed the men had drifted ashore on the seaside of the Island and attempted to cross the mountain to the main land, but being weak and, without food they perished on the mountain, where their bodies were found. The only reports we have had of the sad fate of any of the persons lost on the *Wright* has been obtained from Indians, and therefore have to be taken for what they are worth.

LEFT BEHIND.—In consequence of the change in the time of leaving by the eastern train, a number of persons, bound Eastward, were left behind yesterday morning. Hereafter the trains have started southward at 8:15 A. M. During the Fair week, the train will leave here at 7:15 A. M. It will be well for the public not to be unmindful of this fact. Had those who returned disappointed yesterday, and were compelled to wait another day, read the papers, and left their couches a little earlier, they would have been happier no doubt.

THE FIRST PAPER.—At the rooms of the Oregon Museum can be seen the first number of the first paper ever issued in Washington Territory. It is a copy of the *Columbian*, published in Olympia in the year 1852. Considering the necessarily imperfect facilities for publishing a newspaper at that early period in the history of the northwest coast, this copy presents a very neat typographical appearance, and is got up with evidence of good taste and judgment.

OUT DRILLING.—Yesterday the new engine of Multnomah No. 2 was out drilling at the corner of Pine and Second streets. Some new joints were put in a few days ago and it was for the purpose of determining how everything would work. Seventy-five pounds of steam was raised, and a tremendous stream of water was thrown through 100 feet of rubberized hose.

GOES TO SALEM.—The East Portland Band were practicing last evening preparatory to the coming musical contest. This morning the band will start for the Fair, where they propose to play for the premium. Arrangements have also been effected by which the band will furnish music to-morrow at the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the State Capitol.

AMOUNT OF FINES.—Sixteen persons were arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning for various offenses. In clearing the docket the Judge found it necessary to impose fines to the amount of $125. The costs in these cases will probably swell the sum of $150. This is no bad showing for blue Monday.

L. R. SOCIETY.—The Ladies' Relief Society will meet at 2 o'clock to-day at the usual place.

INSANE PATIENTS.—Two insane persons were examined yesterday before Judge Hamilton, and were ordered to be removed at once to the Asylum. Their names were John Burk and James Peoples. Both these men were sent some time ago to the Poor House; but on manifesting symptoms of insanity were brought to the city. The cause of insanity is unknown.

EVENING SESSIONS.—Young men who are engaged in business during the day time, but who are desirous of improving their minds and acquiring a knowledge of the practical branches of education, should read the announcement made in another column by Prof. Royal. Evening sessions are held all through the week except on Saturday.

TIGER CO. NO. 3.—This company is in a very prosperous condition, considering its recent organization. A handsome and commodious engine house has been finished and will soon be furnished. The engine which will be used by the company has been overhauled and repaired, and everything is in good, effective working condition.

GOOD TIME.—Eleven hours for a steamer to tow a vessel from Astoria to Portland is regarded as very good time. This time was made by the steamer *Emma Hayward* last Saturday. The brig *Orient* was towed up the whole distance in the time mentioned.

STILL ABSENT.—Judge Deady did not arrive from his trip to Victoria on Saturday as was anticipated. In consequence there was no session of the United States Circuit Court which was to meet yesterday morning. He will probably arrive overland this evening.

FREE LECTURE.—J. Q. Welch will deliver a free lecture at Hall street Church, commencing Friday next, (Oct. 10th,) at 7½ o'clock P. M. Also on Saturday the 11th, at the same time and place. Subject—"Law and Adaptation," or "God in Nature."

REGULAR ELECTION.—The three Lodges of Druids—Marvin, Concordia and Cleanthe—in this city, will hold their regular meetings for the election of officers on the last Monday, Thursday and Friday evenings respectively of this month.

ARRIVED.—The barkentine *Welfoot* arrived at this port yesterday morning from Astoria. She came from San Francisco with lime and salt. To-day stevedores will begin to hoist freight from the hold.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dusty streets.

Rain anticipated.

Ho! for the Fair.

Street cars running regularly.

The trout season is almost over.

No game of cricket last Saturday.

Late mails again for a week at least.

Base-ball clubs are moving on to Salem.

Reports from the Fair in another column.

First street, at the intersection of B, is being planked.

The steamer *Carrie* is carrying big loads to Vancouver.

Passenger train does not arrive here now until 7:20 P. M.

Yesterday was one of the coolest days we have experienced this fall.

The *Calliope* brought up a big load of hay and a number of sheep yesterday.

The temporary excitement caused by the monetary crisis East has quieted down.

A large water main is being laid along Stark street between Fourth and Fifth streets.

Trout, venison, chickens and oysters, the best, delivered by Quinn of Union Market.

The third and last story is being added to the building for the Bank of British Columbia.

Blue noses, with a slight alcoholic tinge, are once more in full bloom, these cold morning.

Overcoats are beginning to have a market value; whilst linen is looked upon with a shiver.

The new steamers for Columbian and Willamette Engine Co.'s are expected to arrive on the *Ajax*.

An immense freight train, laden with wheat, came down the track yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Multnomah Co. No. 2 intend to attend the State Fair—provided they receive their uniforms in time.

Present appearances would indicate that there will be no necessity for a street sprinkler during the State Fair.

Our evening cotemporary vociferates for an ordinance to restrain yelping canines during the night. Cur-tail 'em.

The schooner *Superior* sailed the day previous to the departure of the *Orient*, but still she has failed to put in an appearance here.

The Oregon Museum will open this evening at 7:30 o'clock. The rooms are at the corner of Ash and First streets, Smith's block, second story.

The B street extension, at the western end, is being planked. Though not quite finished, wagons can safely pass over the new street either way.

On the authority of an exchange it is stated that Miss White Cloud, daughter of the Indian chief, has confided her hopes of earthly bliss to a native of Ireland named Pat McGuire.

The young ladies are indiscreet enough to declare confidentially that it is ever so much nicer to sit behind the stove, doubly armed, these cold nights, than to swing on old gates.

We have it, but not upon the authority of our ministerial friends, that profanity may be indulged in to a limited extent during the present cool weather until the stovepipes are all put up.

Luscious ripe blackberries, just picked from the vines at this season of the year, would be thought quite a rarity in the Eastern States; but such have been plentiful in the market for a week past.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

We invite special attention to the card of Mrs. Ach in another column. She is selling out a splendid assortment of all kinds of dry and fancy goods.

A steady stream of people have visited Stone at his new store, and he is still able to wait upon more. The finest goods only are to be had of him, and it is therefore proper to call on him.

There is not a family in Portland who should be without oysters while Keith is selling them at fifty cents per hundred. Such is the case; and, furthermore, he receives Eastern oysters by every steamer for those who prefer them to others.

Our fellow-townsman W. Aschenheim, during his absence at the State Fair, where he represents the State at large with the finest assortment of fruits of all kinds, entrusted his business here to his clerk, who will show every attention to the wants of his patrons and the public in general. So give him a call.

PERSONAL.

Mr. D. J. Mularkey is, we regret to announce, confined to his room with a severe attack of the rheumatism.

William A. Daly, who has been confined to his room for over two weeks with severe illness, is again able to get around.

THE COURTS.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON, J., PRESIDING.

MONDAY, Oct. 6, 1873.

Charles H. Howard vs. John F. Anderson; order of confirmation of sale of property sold on execution, and for conveyance to purchaser.

Ben Schloss vs. Joshua Davis, same order entered as above.

Emil, Lowenstein & Co., recently burned out by the great fire, have removed their Stock of Carpets, Curtains, Coverings, etc. to No. 87 FRONT STREET, between Washington and Alder where they can be found, selling off the entire stock AT COST, in order to start soon in new quarters with an **Entire New Stock.** All persons indebted to them are requested to call at their temporary place of business and settle up.

NEW OPENING.—Messrs. Hurgren & Shindler have opened at the corner of Front and Alder streets. A full stock of furniture, etc., on hand—more being added daily.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

The regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of East Portland was held last evening at the usual hour.

The following members were present: Messrs. Buckman, Hoyt, Pope, Severson and Stephens.

In the absence of the President, Mr. Van Cleave, on motion Mr. Hoyt was chosen President *pro tem*.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS, ETC.

A petition from J. H. Frush and 13 others, asking for the construction of a slip or apron at the foot of J street, connecting the street with the Willamette river. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

From J. H. Currier asking to have a balance of $55 due him for services rendered as nurse in attending the man Taylor, who was afflicted with the smallpox some weeks ago, was read, and on motion of Mr. Severson, was laid on the table.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY.

The following claims against the city were read and allowed:

W. S. Gordon, $3 50; F. B. Neal, $3 50; J. W. Clayton, $6; A. H. Hoyt, $10 70; G. W. Volhum, $7 50; N. H. Lane, $15; J. W. Clayton, $50.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance repealing all former ordinances in relation to the compensation of the City Assessor, was read first, second and third time and passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Stephens introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the City Surveyor is hereby directed to set the necessary grade stakes so that the parties building the bridge on Fourth street between Clay and Montgomery streets can build the same on the street and to the established grade. Adopted.

Mr. Severson introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the City Attorney is hereby directed to examine and report as to whether the road within the city limits, on which the Fitch Bridge is situated, is a properly recorded county road.

On motion the Board adjourned.

FASHION NOTES.

The new polonaise is called after the late Empress of the French, who still lives in hearts *a la mode*. It is a model of simplicity, is cut square, and has plain buttons.

The royal color is blue, of which there are twenty shades, ranging from *ciel* to *cafer*, or from the lightest reflection of a cloudless sky upon the motionless lake, to the deepest of blue-blacks.

The inevitable black silk dress is in the trousseau, which is richly trimmed with three narrow kilt pleats, attenuated with broad puffs. The overskirt, in one with the dress, cut *en tablier*, with demi-train and natural drapery.

Soft woolen goods are largely imported. English and French serges, cashmeres, cashmere serges, Armure cloths, drap d'ete, velour epangle, figured Biarritz cloth, and satin de Chine, are among the most popular of these fabrics.

Camel's hair is to be the favorite material, its soft and clinging character making it not only desirable but almost necessary for the new styles. It makes a handsome overdress; and worn over a silk skirt of the same shade, or of a contrasting color, is very stylish.

Velvet is the regulation trimming for fall and winter suits; and nothing less is *en regle*, though a few other trimmings are permissible; and the woman of taste and refinement has no objection to make, whether on the score of fitness and fineness, or durability and economy.

A pleasing evening dress is an Empress trail of pale green silk, flounced from waist to point, although, as a question of taste, it might not be so well liked as another—a pansy trimmed dress, in which a polonaise, with steel pen trail, could be looped through a hanging sash.

In millinery there is revolution. It came in a night, but was none the less thorough and complete in its victory than if it had been the result of a long struggle. The Alpine, Schutzenfest, and every other style popular during the twelvemonth, has either disappeared or will be seen no more after a week or two.

The traveling dress is of pearl gray silk, en demi-train, the overskirt being made with the dress sweeping diagonally across and moderately bouffant. The bodice is cut square in front, with *gilet* chemisette and ruff. The trimmings are flat, and of the same material. The sleeves are open to the elbow.

There is a fourth dress for evening wear, of pale blue silk, elabrately trimmed with lace. This dress is made of the new shade called "water blue," which must be seen before a just conception of this exquisite color can be formed. A fifth dress of olive brown silk, with velvet facings and trimming, is extremely rich in effect.

She who purchases silk *must* have it trimmed with velvet; and she who purchases woolen goods or inferior silks finds that for $4 a yard she can purchase as fine colors in velvets as her more favored sister can for $10, and produce the same effect. Velvets will not only be used in trimmings, but also for polonaises and redingotes by all who can afford it.

The English walking-jacket has already found favor, and requires no prophet to predict its universal adoption. It is a wrap, easy fitting and convenient, trimmed with band and cuffs of velvet or silk, the same shade as the cloth. Basques are still worn, and there is little or no change in the styles. The favorite has a plain front, slopes over the hips, and at the back has two long swallow-tails, with bows on the ends.

One pretty walking-dress, neat and stylish, is of navy-blue foulard, with large white polka dots. At the bottom, which is about three and a quarter yards in circumference, is broad plaits, with a white silk cord laid on in Grecian style around the edges of the skirt, the overskirt and the sleeve. The corsage is tight, with a long redingote, cut single-breasted and high in the neck, just opening to show the ruff and the white chemisette.

It is early in the season yet for marriages, but one trousseau—we have heard of—will guide the style of many. The robes are heavy, white satin—dead, creamy white, the newly imported shade which will, this winter, be worn exclusively for such occasions in London and Paris—with overdresses of tulle and lace, looped and trimmed with roses and the never absent orange blossom. The corsage is cut low, but not very low—modest, yet modist.

Forty years experience have tested the virtues of Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and it is now generally acknowledged to be the *best* remedy extant for pulmonary and lung diseases, embracing the whole range from a slight cold to a settled consumption. Were it not for its *merits*, it would long since have "died, and made no sign."

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU is the only reliable remedy for diseases of the urinary organs. Take it in season, and do not be imposed upon by quacks and impostors. We are glad to learn that the absence of the celebrated Dr. Helmbold has not prevented the continued manufacture of the Buchu, so well known as the only efficient remedy for diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. There are counterfeits of this most excellent medicine. Genuine has proprietor's private stamp. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent.

A UNIVERSAL REMEDY.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," for Coughs, Colds and Bronchial Affections, stand first in public favor and confidence, this result has been acquired by a test of many years.

Every mother should see that her darling boys is well clothed for the winter. Messrs. BECK & WALDMAN make a specialty of selling Youths' clothing and have a complete stock on hand. The prices are low enough to suit those who wish to economize. They have a full line of gentlemen's full suits and everything in furnishing goods. They give satisfaction to all. Be sure to recollect this well known firm.

Parsons Purgative Pills will speedily relieve if not entirely cure dispepsia when everything else fails. They have been tried in some desperate cases and have given more relief than any other medicine.

New Life for the Languid.

Perfect health is considered to be a rare. Probably nine in ten people out of every hundred whom you meet in the street are living under the depressing influence of what they call "turns" of labor exhaustion, depression of spirits and bodily pain. At these times a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is as refreshing as "the shadow of a rock in a weary land." It invigorates and rests the system and cheers the mind. The effect of the Bitters in cases of nervous debility, produced either by undue physical exertion, over study, intense anxiety, or any other cause, is wonderfully reviving and invigorating. In fact this healthful vegetable restorative possesses medicinal properties which entitle it to the rank of an article of prime necessity, and it should be kept on hand in every dwelling, and promptly taken as a remedy for all the minor ailments as well as for more serious complaints.

VANCOUVER ITEMS.

The *Gazette* brought a load of lumber for the Government wharf, on Sunday night. The carpenters are making a substantial job of the wharf.

Mrs. Wyche and daughter, whose names appeared in the passenger list last Saturday, are still in Vancouver. They were delayed on account of the continued illness of the daughter.

Farmers are praying for rain, the earth being too dry for plowing. The grass has so dried up on the uplands that rain is very much needed for the benefit of stock. Beef is growing tough.

Tom Padden, of the Shades Saloon, and Miss Byrne, daughter of Mr. Byrne, of the Vancouver House, were made happy this (Monday) morning. The marriage was solemnized at the Catholic Cathedral.

Game is becoming plenty. Sportsmen bring in quantities of pheasants, grouse and duck; quail are growing plenty in some localities, but as it is a short time since they first made their appearance here, huntsmen are careful not to shoot them.

Col. Mason, one of the leading officers of the Modoc campaign, has just returned from a trip to Sitka. He will spend the winter at Fort Vancouver. Gen. Granger will soon depart on an extended leave of absence. He sells his household furniture at auction next Saturday.

A CURIOUS ANIMAL CAPTURED IN TULARE COUNTY.—THE REPUTED WILD MAN OF THE MOUNTAINS.—The "wild man," of which so many accounts have been published, has at last been captured, as Mr. Charles Converse informs us. It turns out to be a species of nondescript very like a bear, although it entirely lacks arms or fore legs, and walks upright like a man. Mr. Converse thinks it is a deformed bear. Messrs. Shaft (or Shaffe) and Johnson, who captured him, will be in town to-day. They propose to sell their "catch" to Woodward, and will telegraph to that gentleman in regard to the *iuste naturæ* they have secured. They had to shoot and wound him before catching him. Mr. Converse came down from the mountains on horseback and passed the captors of the "What is it?" on the way down with a team. When they arrive we shall be able to learn the full particulars in regard to this new wonder of the Sierras.—*Tulare Times, Sept. 27th.*

Many valuable horses die from the effects of colic. The best thing to do in a case of this kind is to pour a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* into a long-necked junk bottle, add half pint of molasses and water, then pour the whole down the horse's throat. In ten minutes the horse will begin to eat.

NOTICE.

W. Aschenheim wishes to inform his friends and a generous public that he has removed from his late rooms, First and Taylor sts., and is now successfully located at 121 First st., bet. Morrison and Yamhill sts., where he presents the finest display of Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Poultry, etc. GIVE HIM A START AGAIN.

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evening of each month. By order of the W. M.

Multnomah Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

ARE YOU LAME?

With Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints, Sprains Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides, or any internal or external aches or pains? If so, use the never failing family remedy, PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL. Price—small, fifty cents; large, one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, invigorate your Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price—one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, sp24tf&tp6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

REMOVAL.

WALTER BROS.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

WINDOW CURTAINS,

DAMASKS,

Wall Papers, Mattings,

AND

Upholstery Goods,

From their old stand, 89 Front Street,

TO

PARRISH'S NEW BUILDING,

FIRST STREET,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Where they will be pleased to wait upon their old customers, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the general public and country trade.

NEW GOODS

Received by each arrival from San Francisco and the East.

THE FIGHTING M'COOKS.

The Dayton *Journal* states that Gen. Edwin Stanton McCook, who was assassinated by Wintermute, is the fifth member of the family who met violent deaths. Three were slain in battle, and two assassinated.

Charles M. McCook, the younger, was killed at the first battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861, when he was in his 18th year, serving as a private soldier in the 2d O. V. I.

Brig. Gen. Robert L. McCook, fourth son of Major Daniel McCook, was assassinated by rebel guerrillas, near Decherd, Tennessee, August 5, 1862, while sick in his ambulance, in his 36th year.

Major Daniel McCook, the father of the family, was killed at Buffington Island, in the Ohio river, while in pursuit of John Morgan in his celebrated raid through Ohio, on the 21st of July, 1863; the second anniversary of the death of his youngest son, Charles.

Brigadier General Daniel McCook was killed at the battle of Kenesaw Mountain, in his 50th year. He was the sixth son.

And lastly, Edwin Stanton McCook, who was assassinated as above reported. He also was in the service of the country.

But three sons of that large family, namely Colonel George W. McCook, the eldest son; Major General A. McD. McCook, now serving with his regiment in Texas, and Captain John McCook, who is practicing law.

WANTS.

GIRL WANTED.

TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN A SMALL family. Good wages paid. Apply at the ADVOCATE office, or corner of Eighth and B streets.

WANTED.

8 OR 10 BOYS BETWEEN 15 AND 18 YEARS OF age to learn to make Boots and Shoes. Apply immediately at BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY, corner First and Stark Streets, up stairs. oct6tf

WANTED.

RAGS, IRON, ROPE AND JUNK IN ANY quantity. Highest price paid by S. KAFKA, N. E. Cor. Oak and Front sts., north of Richardson's Auction House. aug27

TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A HANDSOME BEDROOM AND PARLOR SET for sale. House to rent. Enquire at N. E. corner of Third and Pine streets.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT,

S. E. COR. WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS. CLEANEST IN TOWN.

FOR RENT.

OFFICES IN SECOND STORY, BRICK BUILDING. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

Boiler and Engine for Sale.

THE HIGHLY FINISHED SIX-HORSE POWER Horizontal ENGINE, with Boiler, Force Pump, and Shafting, formerly used in the *Herald* office is offered for sale at a bargain for cash. Enquire at this office.

Trustee's Sale of Valuable Real Estate in Salem.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT THE Court House in Salem, Oregon, on Saturday, the 25th day of October next, at one o'clock P. M., the following described property belonging to the estate of J. M. Coulter, in Bankruptcy, to-wit: Lot 3 in Block 50 in Salem, on which is a good dwelling-house. Also, Lot 4 in same block, on which is a two-story Brick Store House and Barn. Also Lot 7 in Block 8 in Miller's "South west" addition to Salem, on which is a good new dwelling-house. Terms of sale, cash, U. S. Gold Coin.

J. H. MOORES, Trustee.

Salem, Sept. 13th, 1873. sd2

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN!

THE JONES

Saw-mill Property,

On the Macadamized Road, containing about 3½ acres of Land.

Boilers, Engine and Saw-mill Machinery.

Enquire at SMITH, BROS. IRON WORKS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

MORRISON, CLAY & CO.,

Shipping, Forwarding

And Commission Merchants,

NO. 3 SPEAR ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

Proprietors of the

Star Line Pacific Coast Packets.

VESSELS OF THIS LINE WILL HEREAFTER be dispatched to Portland every ten day.

We would be obliged to merchants if they would instruct their correspondents to ship by the Star Line.

Will advance all charges upon goods coming from any part of the United States, saving storage and extra drayage. Consignments of Lumber, Shingles, or any kind of Oregon production, solicited.

Parties desiring to CHARTER VESSELS for Coast or Foreign ports can always be supplied by addressing our House in San Francisco, or Messrs. J. McCRAKEN & CO., Portland.

W. GALLICK,

Commission Merchant.

AT HIS OLD STAND, SKIDMORE'S BUILDING First Street, second door south of Taylor.

JANION & RHODES,

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND

WOOL BAGS,

WOOL BAGS.

GRAIN BAGS.

GRAIN BAGS.

E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,

SHIPPING

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

70 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

220 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Agents Cunard Line of Steamships, from New York and Boston to Liverpool. Great Western Steamships from New York to Bristol, England.

H. D. SANBORN, Agent, 72 First Street.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON,

ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE

For the Storage of Goods and a large experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to. Consignments solicited. Mark goods Care J. R. F.

Always on hand, a full assortment of

Groceries, Provisions and Clothing,

MECHANICS, MINERS & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS And a large stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

Ex Bark J. A. Falkinburg,

FROM HONOLULU.

2,500 KEGS SUGARS, assorted grades. 300 pkgs MOLASSES. For sale by ALLEN & LEWIS.

Goodall's Playing Cards,

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST. SOLD EVERYWHERE. 1m

NEW SINGER'S AND HOWE MACHINES FOR sale below first cost at the "Domestic" S. M. Office, 104 Third street.

COLEMAN'S EUCALYPTUS

Dr. J. S. Coleman's Compound Extract of Eucalyptus is a preparation combining all the valuable medical qualities of the Eucalyptus, which is cultivated in nearly every California garden, and for the first time has become household remedy for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER and URINARY PASSAGES, and SEMINAL WEAKNESS. It seems to have a direct affinity for the URINARY ORGANS and their surroundings, and cures them by its alterative, healing and tonic properties more effectually than any other known remedy.

It is an invaluable remedy for all diseases of the mucous and serous membranes, such as BRONCHITIS, HACKING COUGH, NAUSEA DURING PREGNANCY, DYSPEPSIA, LEUCORRHŒA, etc.

This preparation is the result of Dr Coleman's experiments with the medicinal properties of the tree in the U. S. Marine Hospital in San Francisco, in 1871 and 1872, where he had unusual facilities for testing the various methods of preparing the remedy, and its uses. It can be relied upon as certain to give the best results, and hundreds of testimonials of its efficacy can be seen at his office, 605 Kearney street, San Francisco.

COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a powerful, yet harmless, febrifuge, and is a special preparation for the treatment of the malarious fevers of our interior valleys, and is warranted to cure any case of FEVER AND AGUE treated with it according to directions, while the baneful results of the usual Quinine and arsenical remedies of these diseases are entirely avoided.

FOR PHYSICIANS, Coleman's Fluid Extract of Eucalyptus in 1-lb bottles.

EUCALYPTUS. Beware of imitations, and take none but COLEMAN'S. For sale everywhere, and by HODGE, CALEF & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Portland. Sole Agents for Oregon.

J. KOHN & CO.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

EXTENSIVE AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF

CLOTHING,

TO NO. 94 FIRST STREET, IN PARRISH'S NEW BUILDING,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Where they will keep constantly on hand the CHOICEST and LATEST NOVELTIES in the line, which they will SELL LOWER THAN THE LOWEST. We defy competition. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

J. KOHN & CO.,

94 First Street, opposite First Nat'l Bank.

JACOB MAYER,

AGENT OF THE

Brownsville Woolen Manufacturing Mill,

43 FRONT STREET,

Is now prepared to sell to the Trade

ALL KINDS OF WOOLEN GOODS,

SUCH AS

FANCY CASSIMERES, New Styles, DOESKINS, Various Shades,

BEAVERS, Various Shades, HARD TWEEDS and JEANS,

BLANKETS, Red, White, Blue and Gray, FLANNELS, Twilled, White,

PLAID FLANNELS, PLAID TWEEDS FLANNELS,

KNITTING YARNS, all Colors.

The above Goods are equal in Quality, Patterns and Shades to any Goods manufactured on the Coast.

OUT OF THE FIRE!!!

PHŒNIX-LIKE!

THE

OREGON CITY WOOLEN MILLS

WHOSE FAME IS ESTABLISHED BY THE QUALITY OF THEIR FAMILY GOODS, are again in operation, running day and night, with their New and Improved Machinery, and the very best Mechanics, are turning out BETTER FABRICS than ever, such as

CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, HARD TWEEDS,

FLANNELS, BLANKETS, YARNS, &c., &c.

A full Stock of the above Piece Goods manufactured thereof can be found at

Also, GENTS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING, Ready-Made.

JACOBS, VEATCH & CO.,

SALESROOM.

COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

August 9, 1873.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,

Established in 1858.

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "F" STREETS,

P. FITZHUGH, Secretary. PEARL TAYLOR, P. M. S.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS AND MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,

—Manufacture and have for sale—

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS, Saw Mills Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers and Boxes.

WATER WHEELS of several patterns, equal to any in the market, on hand and made to order.

REPAIRING of MACHINERY and BOILERS promptly and neatly done at reasonable rates.

The LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS north of San Francisco. No charge for use of them.

Agents for Wheelock Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Pacific Coast for the manufacture and handling of Roller Seals.

De GROOT'S ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCE; a variety of Patterns. Iron Fronts, &c., &c.

JAMES LOTAN, Manager.

S. SHERLOCK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SADDLERY, HARNESS, SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS, etc.,

SALES-ROOMS—No. 61 Front St., cor. and No. 62 First st., PORTLAND,

150 DOZEN ASSORTED TEAM COLLARS ON HAND.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PATRONIZE HOME MANUFACTURE

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Frames,

Shutters, Brackets and all Kinds of Scroll Sawing.

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers, and at San Francisco prices, at NICOLAI BROS' MILL.

Also best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUSTIC MOULDINGS, WOOD TURNING in all its branches, Balusters, Newel Posts, Billiard Balls, Croquet sets, etc., at

Nicolai Bros's Mill and Factory,

Corner Second and E streets, Portland.

J. SIMON,

56 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

German French and American Window Glass.

CRYSTAL SHEET, ENAMELED, STAINED AND CUT GLASS.

Glazing Done to Order and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CONTRACTORS and Builders will find it to their advantage to place their orders in my hands. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

OYSTERS.

THE

Wholesale Oyster Company,

A. S. GROOM, Agent.

WE ARE NOW READY TO DELIVER FROM one to one thousand cans of

FRESH OYSTERS,

only 2½ days from their native beds,

THREE TIMES A WEEK.

We can furnish the

Shoalwater Bay, the Netarts, the Yaquina or the Olympia Oyster,

In any quantity, at prices DEFYING COMPETITION.

Customers can rely upon regular tri-weekly supplies, either in sunshine or storm, be it fall, and always last the season through.

G. W. WARREN & CO.

FRESH OYSTERS.

At the request of a large number of my old Patrons I will OPEN TO-DAY the

Gem Oyster Saloon,

For Oysters in Every Style.

Ladies' Entrance on Stark Street.

C. A. BURCHARDT.

Portland Sept 27 1873.

FRESH

Shoalwater Bay

OYSTERS

AT

ALISKY & HEGELE'S,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

China Matting.

400 ROLLS, four, (4-4) five (5-4) and six (6-4) quarters white and fancy CHINA MATTING. For sale by

J. H. ATWOOD & Co.

LOCAL.

Boots and Shoes.

Stone,

Dealer in Boots and Shoes,

Hardware,

Groceries,

Provisions,

Liquors,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Tinware,

Stoves,

Iron,

Steel,

Nails,

Oils,

Paints,

Glass,

Etc.,

At the Store.

Organ,

Piano,

Melodeon,

Sewing Machines,

Violins,

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1873

A BURGLING EXPEDITION

HARDING OF CONNOR IN LIVERPOOL — THE ROPE BROKEN — EIGHT MINUTES TO REVIVE — GREAT CHEER, THE FAMOUS HANGMAN DISTRESSED

[From the Liverpool Mercury Sept 9th.]

James Connor who was to be executed at the Liverpool Assizes for the murder of James Gaffney, in Mill street Toxteth Park, in this town on the night of the 11th ult was executed yesterday morning, within the precincts of Kirkdale jail.

* * * * * * *

The execution of the condemned man was fixed to take place at six o'clock yesterday morning. There was some doubt as to who was to be the executioner at being said that Calcraft had retired from business and that some one else would perform the disagreeable task. This at first appeared to be the truth or still there seemed a probability of there being no executioner at all for Calcraft, who had been sent for, did not arrive at the jail until a late hour on Sunday night.

* * * * * * *

He

MOUNTED THE STEPS BRAVELY

Walked straight on to the drop under the cross beam at his eyes above, at the fatal noose and then looked straight in front smiled pleasantly and nodded to two warders who were standing a short distance off. His coolness for a moment seemed to forsake him and he was a bravado about the whole affair to give an additional horror to the proceedings. The condemned man being apparently the least moved of those present. Calcraft drew the white cap over his face, placed a rope round his legs bid him a farewell by the use of his hands and adjusted the rope and in another moment the drop fell heavily.

THE ROPE BROKE

The strands of the broken end flew in the face of the condemned criminal Sullivan to a second rope, which was fitted two or three inches higher than the treacherous trap-door upon which he had stood. He remained in an upright position except that being pinioned, he fell forward on the edge of the platform. Some of the officials hastily attended upon the unfortunate man, but a pair of stegs had to be procured before he could be got out of this position and put on to the upper part of the scaffold. The poor man uttered exclamations of pain, and while cap was being got from above his head was placed on the right

CALCRAFT WAS NOW READY

to do his work, and, as he moved about the platform, adjusting the broken rope and examining the knot, he trembled and was apparently greatly agitated. The watch were also unconscious of what had happened. After the first moment of pain the condemned man said to Mr. who was standing him from the scaffold, "What do you call this? do you call this murder?" and afterwards he said, "You should let me off after this; this is murder." The mark of the rope round his neck was visible at one part of the forehead appeared a cut, from which blood was slightly flowing. While Connor was seated on the platform preparations were going on to make him ready for the next step. Father Nolan, after kissing the crucifix, was in the act of stooping to him and directing his attention to the book. The prisoner did not appear to the priest's remarks. "I know all the pain," but he afterwards kissed the book and responded once or twice "Lord have mercy upon me." A fresh cap was brought the condemned man put it on with the utmost concern and remained

IN THE FULL GLARE

of the gas for a few seconds. Calcraft was ready, the chief placed himself on the drop, and said he had done so, that he was ready, and the white cap was drawn over the face. If and then the rope round his neck, the door fell, the prisoner disappeared through the door two, and there was a momentary struggle of the body and lower limbs, and he was dead. He was suspended for about half an hour before the drop fell. It was two minutes past 8, so that the drop fell at that time. The execution was ended in eight minutes past 8, so that just eight minutes for the second. With the exception to the breaking of the rope, it went off as well as it was possible that the execution could have gone off. For a number of

CALCRAFT

in the height of hanging his own reputation they were at one time supplied with rope, on being asked as to the reason why he refused his life upon that rope, that the rope itself broke, that it was the work, which became of all doubt as to the rope breaking at the time, as it was, as it was picked up by one of the officials, and it was the part which had

BEEN IN AN AGREEMENT

[illegible] N. G. S. N., commanded by Colonel Funk, composed of the 11th, 84th and 90th regiment of infantry and the 3d regiment of cavalry, went to [illegible] for a field day. Before the brigade drill, the regiments [illegible] separately. The 11th regiment is [illegible] by Colonel Frederick Vilmer, [illegible] with his men. At a command [illegible] arms, Frederick Cramer, of [illegible] refused to obey. The Colonel [illegible] and said "Obey the command Cramer stepped in front of the line and replied "What are you? Colonel, you're a jackass!" Colonel Vilmer ordered the Adjutant [illegible] and the drill was resumed. [illegible] the regiment was dismissed for the day. In the meantime, which was about half an hour, [illegible] Colonel Vilmer, at the request of his men, applied to the officers of the [illegible] it was refused. He was then informed, and the Colonel ordered a "detention" upon which Company [illegible] and demanded that their arms be given to his place in the line. He reported the fact to General Funk, and at once a company of the 84th was detailed to arrest the insubordinate and they were marched to the guard house. Just previous to the arrest the regiment, having received a command to march off the field, [illegible] from Colonel Vilmer. After the regiment was marched off the third regiment was filed in between the men and their officers. The company officers of the 11th were then ordered to the front and addressed by General Funk, who told them to go home and wait further orders.

The officers confused with the men, and their arms should be restored if they kept quiet, but they refused to be pacified and openly declared that they should not

SHOULDER THEIR MUSKETS AGAIN

Vilmer's commands. The Eighty fourth [illegible] sent by General Funk to assist the police in arresting the entire body which had marched out in the morning 300 strong. They left the park at 1 o'clock and were five hours in making the route back. They were then met by the Ludlow street jail but were denied admission. From there they were escorted to the arsenal at White and Elm streets and locked up under guard of Company Eighty fourth regiment. When the arsenal was reached the prisoners had dwindled down to 100, and about 40 more escaped from the building in the evening.

General Funk telegraphed from Brooklyn to Superintendent of Police Mutsell for assistance when the regiment arrived in the city. Forty police men met them at the south ferry. On the march up Broadway the prisoners made no attempt to break away but on the route through Brooklyn they could be restrained. Many escaped by jumping fences and dodging through hallways. The guards were thoroughly exercised in chasing the fugitives. Three of them were wounded. Christopher Zirbur was bleeding and was stabbed in the right breast. The injury is serious. The stabbing was seen by his wife, who stood on the sidewalk. Henry Clerk was stabbed in the arm and Martin Kolb in the left shoulder. Corporal Quintz was sunstruck. A number of the mutineers are

OUT MEMBERS OF THE REGIMENT

Having turned out yesterday at the request of their friends who are members entirely to fill up the ranks. All but twelve members of Company I escaped. They were lodged in the Ludlow Street Jail. Brigade Quartermaster A. F. Geesen, at his own expense, supplied the prisoners in the arsenal with food and coffee.

General Funk telegraphed to Albany to the Adjutant-General of the state but having received no answer at 11 o'clock went by the 11 o'clock train to confer with the Governor as he does not know what to do with the men.

At 10 o'clock by request of the General Inspector Willets went out to the barracks to relieve the military in charge. This number will be kept there until the Governor decides what position to make of the mutineers.

The line officers of the regiment were all placed under arrest on the field. General Funk says the trouble has been brewing for a long time arising from the opposition to Colonel Vilmar and the company officers have ended and defeated the end in their course. The disaffection it is said was intensified yesterday by the fact that while the regiments were permitted to eat in the park in the cars the Fifty-fifth was compelled to wait.

The guns of their regiments and the colors were brought over in a truck and delivered at brigade headquarters while General Funk will direct the disposition after receiving orders from Albany.—*New York Sun*

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial

MONDAY EVENING October 6 1873

Gold in New York to-day 111¼

Portland Legal Tender rates 88 buying 89 selling

Gold bars are quotable at 17@17½ fine

Exchange on San Francisco ¼ of 1 per cent. discount.

Liverpool Wheat 12s 7d@12s 9d; club 13s 6d@13s 9d.

Our latest exchanges from the East are filled with details of the panic and speculations as to the probable effect on the business of the country. The panic has been very severe upon the holders of railroad bonds. The bankers engaged in negotiating some of the largest loans for important railroads have suspended payment and the bonds are of course greatly depressed and unsalable.

In regard to the failure of Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. the New York *Times* makes the following statement:

The cause of this deplorable event to one of the first houses in the country the house most closely connected and identified with the great negotiations of the Government during the war and after its close, it is not early perhaps to go into. But the chief reasons have reasons to apprehend originated in too generous enterprise and it may be excessive enthusiasm and confidence of the senior partner, Mr. Jay Cooke as connected with the great North Pacific undertaking. With this immense scheme, his New York partners, and one at least of his Philadelphia house were reluctant from the start, to sympathize and only consented to advances limited to $500,000 on the amount sold by popular subscription, at 7.30 per cent. land mortgage. The excessively dear money market of last spring and the partial disturbance to confidence in new railroad undertakings, virtually suspended the free subscriptions to this loan after the months of January and February and the ...rious effect of this difficulty was not appreciated by Mr Cooke until he had committed himself to obligations in the prosecution of his great enterprise which had to be met by his banking house to a greatly larger sum than was originally contemplated.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* thinks the merchants are but little troubled by this panic, because they have of late bought and sold but sparingly on credits, and they can wait for quieter times to settle their mutual accounts by checks passing through bank in the ordinary way, without actual change of money. The great railroad corporations are prepared to pay the current demands upon them for interest and dividends, and other ordinary liabilities and they are abundantly able to meet all their accruing debts. The brunt of the crisis falls upon the stock brokers and their customers, upon the men who have bought and sold stocks for a rise or fall who have loaned money on stocks and bonds at a margin, whose capital was put upon the turn of the stock list, and whose fortunes have been swept away by the absorption of their margins, or the shrinkage of values. The temptation to grow rich rapidly and without work is hard to resist, and some of those who yielded to it are now paying the penalty in finding themselves impoverished.

The *Providence Press* says the mercantile interests is in quite a sound condition everywhere, business having been conducted on a conservative basis. The failures have been confined to brokers and banks connected with them. So many failures will affect business sympathetically, but there is good reason to believe that the crisis will pass without any serious damage outside the stock interest. The panic will have the good effect to check over trading and induce cash transactions, rather than credit ones. The over trading has been in stocks and the crisis will as a general thing touch only those over whom it will not be best to shed many tears.

Trade and Business Review.

WHEAT—The amount now in store is very large, and is constantly increasing by receipts from the interior. Of the several reasons due to load at this port none are yet here, and it would seem but little more storage room can be found here until they arrive. In the meantime, owing to the decline in prices, farmers are unwilling to sell while shippers at the same time are not disposed to urge the market, and say they have all the wheat wanted at present. They quietly take all offering at $1 80 per cental but transactions are limited to a few small lots.

FLOUR—The market seems to maintain a decidedly firm tone, and the agents of our various State mills appear to be doing a fair amount of business. The local demand is brisk for the best brands at $6 50@6 75 for good country and outside brands, $5 50@6 fine, $4 superfine, $4 50. The market shows no tendency to weaken under the decline in Wheat.

OATS—We notice quite a demand and large arrivals to supply the home and shipping demand. Reports from the interior are still reaching us concerning poor accounts of a heavy yield, which has now nearly all been harvested in excellent condition. Quoted to-day are 45@50 a bushel.

BARLEY—There is considerable inquiry for shipping, which is likely to continue as the trade on this coast in the present supply gives a much larger scope of country than heretofore. Our market is firm at $1 40@1 45 ₱ 100 lbs.

FEED—Quietness prevails in this market though prices are steadily maintained. We quote, jobbing prices for Bran $16 ₱ ton; Shorts $22.00@25 00; Chop $25@28.

HAY—The supply has visibly increased since the close of harvest but quotations are firm at $1 @$14 ₱ ton for good to best baled Timothy and $10@11 for loose.

POTATOES—The supply is quite adequate to the home demand, while no shipments of consequence are being made. Prices here vary as much as quality the choicest varieties being quotable at 40c ₱ bushel, while inferior range from 30c upward and are dull sale.

ONIONS—The receipts have largely increased and prices are dull at 2c ₱ lb.

APPLES—The market is well supplied with all the varieties in season at figures which bring them within the reach of all. We quote at 40@60 cents ₱ box.

BACON—Some inquiry is noticed for choice lots of country cured, established and fancy brands of breakfast, all at an advance of one half to one cent per pound. We quote ordinary lots at 14c ₱ lb for hams, 11@12c for sides, and 9c for shoulders.

LARD—Fresh Oregon lard is in demand at 12½c ₱ lb in tcs and 12½@13c in tins.

BUTTER—There is more call for a prime article and prices are a shade firmer. We quote best dairy for table use at 35c ₱ lb and an active demand. Inferior lots are more freely offered at 25@30c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—The market continued fairly supplied from our State dairies selling to jobbers at 10@11c ₱ lb.

CHICKENS—But few lots are coming forward and our last given quotations are firmly maintained.

EGGS—There is a more active demand for fresh receipts and buyers offering freely 25c ₱ dozen for such. The supply seems falling off.

BEEF CATTLE—Some improvement in prices is noted since our last review and for choice lots of young cattle offers are made at 5c ₱ lb on foot.

DRESSED HOGS—No activity is witnessed in the market, and prices are weak at 6@6½c ₱ lb.

SHEEP—The best sheep for mutton command 5c ₱ head—similar to 2@2 50. The supply is small.

WOOL—But few transactions are noted. The best lots offering are held at 35c ₱ lb but just now buyers are scarce. Appearances indicate that full prices will range about those of last spring.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO Oct 6

Ophir	43	Overman	14
Gould & Curry	11½	Justice	6
Best & Belcher	9	Julia	1½
Savage	12	Utah Con	1
Chollar	5	Hale	1
Crown Point	45	Kentuck Shoestring	4½
Yellow Jacket	47½	Utah	1
Imperial	4	Silver Hill	11
Kentuck	11	Eclipse	1
Belcher	10½	Rock Island	1
Confidence	5	American Flat	1
Con Virginia	14½	Woodville	1
Sierra Nevada	1	Exchequer	1
Hale & Norcross	1	Belcher Con	1

EVENING BOARD

Mexican	1	Yellow Jacket	1
Raymond & Ely	1	Empire	1
Eureka Con	11	Con Virginia	11
Andes	1	Confidence	1
Golden Chariot	1	Sierra Nevada	1
Hoyt Extension	1	Belcher	1
Gould & Curry	10	Belcher	1
Hale & Norcross	2	Belcher	1
Overman	10½	Alpha	1

San Francisco Markets

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO Oct 6—Flour—Very quiet but extra lots firm at $6 50@7.

Wheat—There are small sales of milling lots ranging from $1 55 to $1 62½ for good to choice, and most holders are asking $1 70 and upwards. Shippers prefer to wait, they have large quantities purchased ahead.

Barley—300 sks coast brewing, $1 45; 400 sks bright feed $1 50. The range for feed is $1 40@1 50 and for brewing, $1 50@1 60.

Oats—100 sks coast $1 85. The range for all kinds is $1 40@1 70.

Provisions—Dull and unchanged.

Hops—Very quiet; sales of 5 bales at 15c.

Wool—Quiet; sales of 5 bales at 35c.

Hides—Steady; sales of 1,000 at 6½@7c.

Tallow—Quiet; sales of 1,000 at 6½@7c.

Coal—Cross's sweet $9 range for all kinds is $9@11.

Shipping Intelligence

The ship Ida Ayax will be the first vessel to leave San Francisco for Portland.

BY THE FAIR

SAN FRANCISCO Oct 6—Arrived—Ship Ida Ayax, from Portland.

Sailed—Ship Portland.

General Merchandise

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers Buckeye $150; Self Rake $150; Buckeye Self Rake $150; Buckeye Reaper $150; Clipper $150.

STEAM ENGINES—Springer Manufacturing Co. Lumber Mill and Elevator Union Pile Driver Reaper $200; Steam Pile Driver $250; Excelsior Reaper and Mower $200; McCormick's Self Rake $300; Hunt Baker $200; Harvesters Marsh's $175; Holmes Rotters $350 to 1850. Thresher's Separator Thresher shafting mounted power complete $650 to $1,000; mounted power complete $500 to $1,000; Separators with or without mounted power Pitts Buffalo Pitts Buffalo Junior Tornado Pitts Wheel Grain Fanning Mills $400 to $500. Wagons Bain Wagon Co. Mitchell with patent extension bolsters and roller brake $110 to $160.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Men's Slaughter Boots $2 50@3 stout $3 Calf $4 to $4 50. Men's Kip Boots $3 to $3 50. Calf $4 to $4 50. Miller's Standard Boots $4 to $5. J K & Co extra calf Boots $5. Hills, Bell calf $4 to $5. French calf $5 to $6. Ladies' J K & Co Bal calf and Polka $4 to $5. Bell do $4 to $5. Ladies' J K & Co Bal calf and Polka $4 to $5. Bell do $4 to $5. Misses' Kip Bal $2 50@3. Children's Kip Bal $2 to $2 50. Misses' Calf Bal $2 50@3. Children's Calf Bal $2 to $2 50. Men's Kip Brogans $2 50@3. Men's Calf Brogans $3 to $3 50. Men's Calf Congress $3 to $3 50. Men's Calf Bal $3 to $3 50. Men's Calf Bal $3 to $3 50. Men's Calf Bal